# Monoclonal Antibody to CD14, PE conjugated (CD14 PE)

Cat.No. ED7015

# 1. Intended purpose

The reagent CD14 PE permits identification and enumeration of cell populations expressing human CD14 antigen in whole blood using flow cytometry.

# 2. Test principle

This test is based on specific binding of monoclonal antibody to the antigenic determinant expressed on the surface of leukocytes. The monoclonal antibody is labeled with fluorochrome which is excited via laser beam from a flow cytometer during analysis. Subsequent emission of light from fluoro-chromes of each cell is collected and analyzed by a flow cytometer. The fluorescence intensity differences enable separation of cell subsets based on expression of analyzed antigen.

Specific staining of blood cells is performed by incubation of blood samples with the reagent followed by a lysis of red blood cells. Afterwards, unaffected leukocytes are subjected to analysis by a flow cytometer.

# 3. Reagents provided

The reagent contains mouse monoclonal antibody against human CD14 antigen (clone MEM-15) which was purified by affinity chromatography and labeled with R-Phycoerythrin (PE). The labeled antibody is diluted at optimum concentration in stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution containing 15mM sodium azide. The content of a vial (2 ml) is sufficient for 100 tests.

# Product specification

Content	100 tests, 2 ml
Usage	20 μl per test
Specificity	Human CD14
Clone	MEM-15
Isotype	Mouse IgG1
Fluorochrome	PE
λ excitation	488 nm
Emission maximum	575 nm

# 4. Materials required but not provided

Test tubes for blood staining (e.g. 12 × 75 mm) Commercial lysing solution Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) Isotype control antibody (mouse IgG1 PE)

# 5. Equipment required

Automatic pipettes with disposable tips

Flow cytometer with excitation laser 488 nm and proper filters

# 6. Storage and handling

Store the vial at 2 - 8 °C. Keep away from sunlight. Do not freeze. Do not aliquot. Expiration date is stated on a vial label and on outer packaging.

# 7. Warnings, precautions and limitations of use

- Intended for In Vitro Diagnostic use in laboratories outside USA and Canada. This reagent is in conformity with the European Directive 98/79/EC.
- Do not use reagent after expiration date.
- Avoid reagents contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to light.
- The content of the vial must not freeze.
- Any non-performance of staining protocol may produce false results.
- The reagent contains sodium azide (NaNa) which is highly toxic in pure form. However, the concentration in the reagent (15mM) is not considered as hazardous. When disposing the reagent, flush the sink with a large volume of water.
- Blood samples are considered as potentially infectious and must be handled with care Avoid all contact of the sample with the skin, eyes and mucosa.
- In case of hyperleukocytose sample, it is recommended to dilute blood sample with PBS to obtain leukocyte density approximately  $5 \times 10^6$  leukocytes/ml.
- Blood samples from abnormal patients may exhibit abnormal values of positive cells.
- Data may be incorrectly interpreted if fluorescent signals were compensated

- wrongly or if gates were positioned inaccurately.
- Flow cytometer may produce false results if the device has not been aligned and maintained appropriately.
- Red blood cells from abnormal patients may be resistant to lysis using lysing solutions.
- Blood samples should be stained and analyzed within 24 hours from the blood collection.

Use the peripheral human blood in a sterile tube with an anticoagulant (Heparin or EDTA). Blood must be stored at room temperature.

# Staining protocol

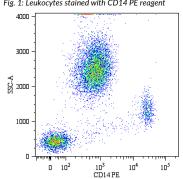
- 1. Add 20  $\mu$ l of CD14 PE reagent to a test tube, and the necessary amount of isotype control to a control tube.
- Add 100  $\mu l$  of blood sample to each tube. Vortex the tubes.
- Incubate tubes for 20 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- Perform lysis of red cells using lysing solution. It is recommended to use a commercial lysing solution containing formaldehyde as a fixative. Follow the instructions of the lysing solution manufacturer.
- Centrifuge tubes for 5 minutes at 300 g.
- Remove supernatant and resuspend pellet with 3 4 ml of PBS.
- Centrifuge tubes for 5 minutes at 300 g
- 8. Remove supernatant and resuspend pellet with 0.3 – 0.5 ml of PBS.

  9. Analyze samples immediately using flow
- cytometer or store samples at 2 8 °C in the dark and analyze within 24 hours provided that cells were fixed.

## Flow Cytometric Analysis

Analyze sample stained with CD14 PE using a flow cytometer. Visualize recorded data using appropriate plot such as side-scatter (SSC) versus PE intensity as shown in figure 1.

Fig. 1: Leukocytes stained with CD14 PE reagent



The brightest population (CD14+) belongs to monocytes. Set suitable gates for analysis. The region corresponding to the negative population should be set up using control cells which were stained by isotype control antibody.

# 10. Analytical performance

# Specificity

The antibody MEM-15 reacts with CD14, a 53-55 kDa GPI (glycosylphosphatidylinositol) linked membrane glycoprotein expressed on monocytes, macrophages and weakly on granulocytes; it is expressed by most tissue macrophages. This antibody also reacts with soluble forms of CD14 found in serum and in the urine of some nephrotic patients. The monoclonal antibody MEM-15 was assigned to CD14 during the Human Leukocyte Differentiation Antigen workshop (HLDA3 WS Code: M

# 11. Clinical performance

# **Expected values**

Results obtained in different laboratories may vary. Each laboratory should establish a normal range of cell subsets using its own test conditions.

# 12. References

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Fernández-Real JM et al. (2003) CD14 monocyte receptor, involved in the inflammatory cascade and insulin sensitivity. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 88: 1780-4

Juan TS et al. (1995) Identification of a domain in soluble CD14 essential for lipopolysaccharide (LPS) signaling but not LPS binding. J Biol Chem. 270: 17237-42

Bazil V et al. (1986) Biochemical characterization of a soluble form of the 53-kDa monocyte surface antigen. Eur J Immunol. 16: 1583-9

Leukocyte Typing VI., Kishimoto T. et al. (Eds.), Garland Publishing Inc. (1997).

Leukocyte Typing V., Schlossman S. et al. (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1995).

Leukocyte Typing IV., Knapp W. et al. (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1989).

Leukocyte Typing III., McMichael A. J. et al (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1987).

## 13. Manufacturer

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# 14. Trademarks

# 15. Revision History

- Version 1, ED7015 IFU v1
- Initial Release
- Version 2, ED7015\_IFU\_v2

Merging three language mutations into one document. The address was changed: "Nad Safinou II 341".

Version 3, ED7015\_IFU\_v3

Precautions section was changed – "Intended for professional use only." – removed. "Intended for In Vitro Diagnostic use in laboratories outside USA and Canada. This CE-IVD reagent is in conformity with the European In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device Directive 98/79/EC.

• Version 4, ED7015 IFU v4

Reagent provided section was changed: text "stabilizing" added, "solution" – added and "0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) as a stabilizing agent" – removed.

• Version 5. ED7015 IFU v5

The company logo changed. IFU layout changed. "Keep away from sunlight." – added. Postal code changed:" 25250 Vestec"



# Monoclonal Antibody to CD14, PE conjugated (CD14 PE)

**100 tests** | Cat.No. **ED7015** 

IVD

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# Instructions for Use

Version: ED7015\_IFU\_v5\_EN Date of Issue: 29-07-2020



# **Symbols**

REF

Catalogue number

LOT

Batch code Use-by date

1

Temperature limits

-<u>\*</u>\*<

Keep away from sunlight

IVD

In vitro diagnostic medical device

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CE marking of conformity



Consult instructions for use

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Manufacturer

The product is intended for In Vitro Diagnostic Use. In vivo diagnostic or therapeutic applications are strictly forbidden.

Products shall not be used for resale or transfer to third parties either as a stand-alone product or

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