



Antibodies

1F-628-C100

Monoclonal Antibody to CD86 (mouse) Fluorescein (FITC) conjugated (0.1 mg)

Clone:	GL-1
Isotype:	Rat IgG2a
Specificity:	The rat monoclonal antibody GL-1 reacts with CD86 (B7-2), a 70-80 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein of immunoglobulin supergene family, expressed on professional antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, macrophages or activated B lymphocytes.
Immunogen:	LPS-activated CBA/Cs mouse splenic B cells
Species Reactivity:	Mouse
Preparation:	The purified antibody is conjugated with Fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) under optimum conditions. The reagent is free of unconjugated FITC.
Concentration:	0.5 mg/ml
Storage Buffer:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 15 mM sodium azide, approx. pH 7.4
Storage / Stability:	Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label. Short-term exposure to room temperature should not affect the quality of the reagent. However, if reagent is stored under any conditions other than those specified, the conditions must be verified by the user.
Usage:	The reagent is designed for Flow Cytometry analysis. Suggested working concentration is 2 µg/ml. Indicated dilution is recommended starting point for use of this product. Working concentrations should be determined by the investigator.
Expiration:	See vial label
Lot Number:	See vial label
Background:	CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2) are ligands of T cell critical costimulatory molecule CD28 and of an inhibitory receptor CTLA-4 (CD152). The both B7 molecules are expressed on professional antigen-presenting cells and are essential for T cell activation, the both molecules can also substitute for each other in this process. The question what are the differences in CD80 and CD86 competency has not been fully elucidated yet; there are still conflicts in results about their respective roles in initiation or sustaining of the T cell immune response.

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

**Antibodies****References:**

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- *Edgton KL, Kausman JY, Li M, O'Sullivan K, Lo C, Hutchinson P, Yagita H, Holdsworth SR, Kitching AR: Intrarenal antigens activate CD4+ cells via co-stimulatory signals from dendritic cells. *J Am Soc Nephrol*. 2008 Mar;19(3):515-26.
- *And many other.

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