Monoclonal Antibody to CD45 (mouse)  
Allophycocyanin (APC) conjugated (0.1 mg)

Clone: EM-05  
Isotype: Rat IgG  
Specificity: The antibody EM-05 reacts with mouse CD45 antigen (Leukocyte Common Antigen), a single chain type I transmembrane protein expressed at high level on cells of hematopoietic origin, except erythrocytes and platelets.  
Regulatory Status: RUO  
Immunogen: Murine peripheral blood leukocytes  
Species Reactivity: Mouse  
Preparation: The purified antibody is conjugated with cross-linked Allophycocyanin (APC) under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography.  
Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml  
Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 15 mM sodium azide, approx. pH 7.4  
Storage / Stability: Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label.  
Usage: The reagent is designed for Flow Cytometry analysis. Suggested working concentration is 4 µg/ml. Indicated dilution is recommended starting point for use of this product. Working concentrations should be determined by the investigator.  
Expiration: See vial label  
Lot Number: See vial label  
Background: CD45 (LCA, leukocyte common antigen) is a receptor-type protein tyrosine phosphatase ubiquitously expressed in all nucleated hematopoietic cells, comprising approximately 10% of all surface proteins in lymphocytes. CD45 glycoprotein is crucial in lymphocyte development and antigen signaling, serving as an important regulator of Src-family kinases. CD45 protein exists as multiple isoforms as a result of alternative splicing; these isoforms differ in their extracellular domains, whereas they share identical transmembrane and cytoplasmic domains. These isoforms differ in their ability to translocate into the glycosphingolipid-enriched membrane domains and their expression depends on cell type and physiological state of the cell. Besides the role in immunoreceptor signaling, CD45 is important in promoting cell survival by modulating integrin-mediated signal transduction pathway and is also involved in DNA fragmentation during apoptosis.
References:


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