

1F-306-T025

## Monoclonal Antibody to CD21 Fluorescein (FITC) conjugated (25 tests)

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| <b>Clone:</b>               | LT21   |
| <b>Isotype:</b>             | Mouse IgG1   |
| <b>Specificity:</b>         | The antibody LT21 reacts with CD21 (CR2), a 145 kDa transmembrane glycoprotein (complement C3d receptor - C3dR) expressed on B lymphocytes, follicular dendritic cells, some epithelial cells and a subsets of T lymphocytes. It is not expressed on immature B cells.<br>HLDA VI; WS Code B CD21.1  |
| <b>Immunogen:</b>           | IM9 human B-lymphoblastoid cell line   |
| <b>Species Reactivity:</b>  | Human, Porcine, Bovine, Canine (Dog)   |
| <b>Preparation:</b>         | The purified antibody is conjugated with Fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) under optimum conditions. The reagent is free of unconjugated FITC and adjusted for direct use. No reconstitution is necessary.   |
| <b>Storage Buffer:</b>      | The reagent is provided in phosphate buffered saline (PBS) containing 15 mM sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) as a stabilizing agent.  |
| <b>Storage / Stability:</b> | Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light.<br>Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label.<br>Short-term exposure to room temperature should not affect the quality of the reagent. However, if reagent is stored under any conditions other than those specified, the conditions must be verified by the user.  |
| <b>Usage:</b>               | The reagent is designed for Flow Cytometry analysis of human blood cells using 20 µl reagent / 100 µl of whole blood or 10 <sup>6</sup> cells in a suspension.<br>The content of a vial (0.5 ml) is sufficient for 25 tests.   |
| <b>Expiration:</b>          | See vial label   |
| <b>Lot Number:</b>          | See vial label   |
| <b>Background:</b>          | CD21 (complement receptor 2, CR2) binds C3 complement fragments, especially its breakdown fragments, which remain covalently attached to complement activating surfaces or antigen. CD21 has important roles in uptake and retention of immunocomplexes, survival of memory B cells and in development and maintenance of the humoral response to T-dependent antigens. CD21 also serves as a key receptor for Epstein-Barr virus binding and is involved in targeting prions to follicular dendritic cells and expediting neuroinvasion following peripheral exposure to prions. A soluble form of the CD21 (sCD21) is shed from the lymphocyte surface and retains its ability to bind respective ligands. |

**For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.**

**Antibodies****References:**

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