Monoclonal Antibody to CD3
Purified Antibody (0.1 mg)

Clone: MEM-57
Isotype: Mouse IgG2a
Specificity: The antibody MEM-57 reacts with gamma-epsilon and delta-epsilon dimers of human CD3 complex, a part of a bigger multisubunit T cell receptor complex (CD3/TCR) expressed on peripheral blood T lymphocytes and mature thymocytes. HLDA IV.; WS Code T 96

Regulatory Status: RUO
Immunogen: Human thymocytes and T lymphocytes.
Species Reactivity: Human
Application: Flow Cytometry
Recommended dilution: 2 - 5 µg/ml
Positive control:
Peripheral Blood Lymphocytes
JURKAT human leukemia T cell line
Immunoprecipitation
The antibody MEM-57 immunoprecipitates from a detergent lysate of surface-radioiodinated T cells a strong zone of about 22 kDa and a weak 28-kDa zone, which is typical pattern yielded by a reference antibody Leu-4 (SK7).
Mass Cytometry
Functional Application
The antibody MEM-57 has strong mitogenic effect on peripheral T lymphocytes; it reacts strongly with gamma/delta T lymphocytes.

Purity: > 95% (by SDS-PAGE)
Purification: Purified by protein-A affinity chromatography
Concentration: 1 mg/ml
Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 15 mM sodium azide, approx. pH 7.4
Storage / Stability: Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial label.
Expiration: See vial label
Lot Number: See vial label

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Background:

CD3 complex is crucial in transducing antigen-recognition signals into the cytoplasm of T cells and in regulating the cell surface expression of the TCR complex. T cell activation through the antigen receptor (TCR) involves the cytoplasmic tails of the CD3 subunits CD3 gamma, CD3 delta, CD3 epsilon and CD3 zeta. These CD3 subunits are structurally related members of the immunoglobulins super family encoded by closely linked genes on human chromosome 11. The CD3 components have long cytoplasmic tails that associate with cytoplasmic signal transduction molecules. This association is mediated at least in part by a double tyrosine-based motif present in a single copy in the CD3 subunits. CD3 may play a role in TCR-induced growth arrest, cell survival and proliferation.

The CD3 antigen is present on 68-82% of normal peripheral blood lymphocytes, 65-85% of thymocytes and Purkinje cells in the cerebellum. It is never expressed on B or NK cells. Decreased percentages of T lymphocytes may be observed in some autoimmune diseases.
References:

*Leukocyte Typing III., McMichael M.J. et al. (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1987); p.611.
*Horejsí V. et al.: Monoclonal antibodies against human leucocyte antigens. II. Antibodies against CD45 (T200), CD3 (T3), CD43, CD10 (CALLA), transferrin receptor (T9), a novel broadly expressed 18-kDa antigen (MEM-43) and a novel antigen of restricted expression (MEM-74). Folia Biol. (Praha) 34, 23 (1988).


*Leukocyte Typing IV., Knapp W. et al. (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1989); p. 293.
*And other.

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